

Introduction to Ryu SDN framework



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Philosophy

- **Agile**

- Framework for SDN application development instead of all-purpose big monolithic 'controller'.

- **Flexible**

- Vendor-defined "Northbound" APIs are not enough to differentiate.



Ryu: Component-based framework

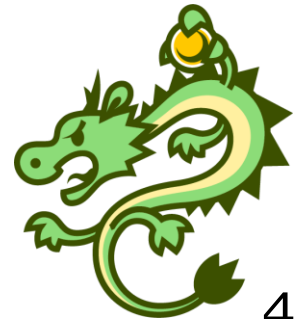
- **Your application consists of component(s)**
 - Ryu provides a bunch of components useful for SDN applications.
 - You can modify the existing components and implement your new components.
 - Combines the components to build your application.



What's 'component'?

- **Component is separation unit**

- Provides interface for control and state and generates events.
- Communicates by message passing instead of directly referenced.
- Uses language-independent communication (for now uses python-specific messaging but soon move to such as JSON-RPC).



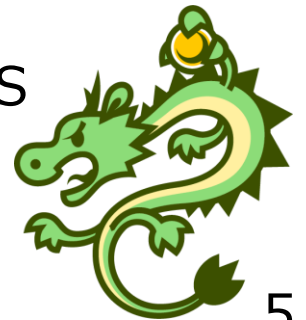
Component implementation

- **Use favorite language**

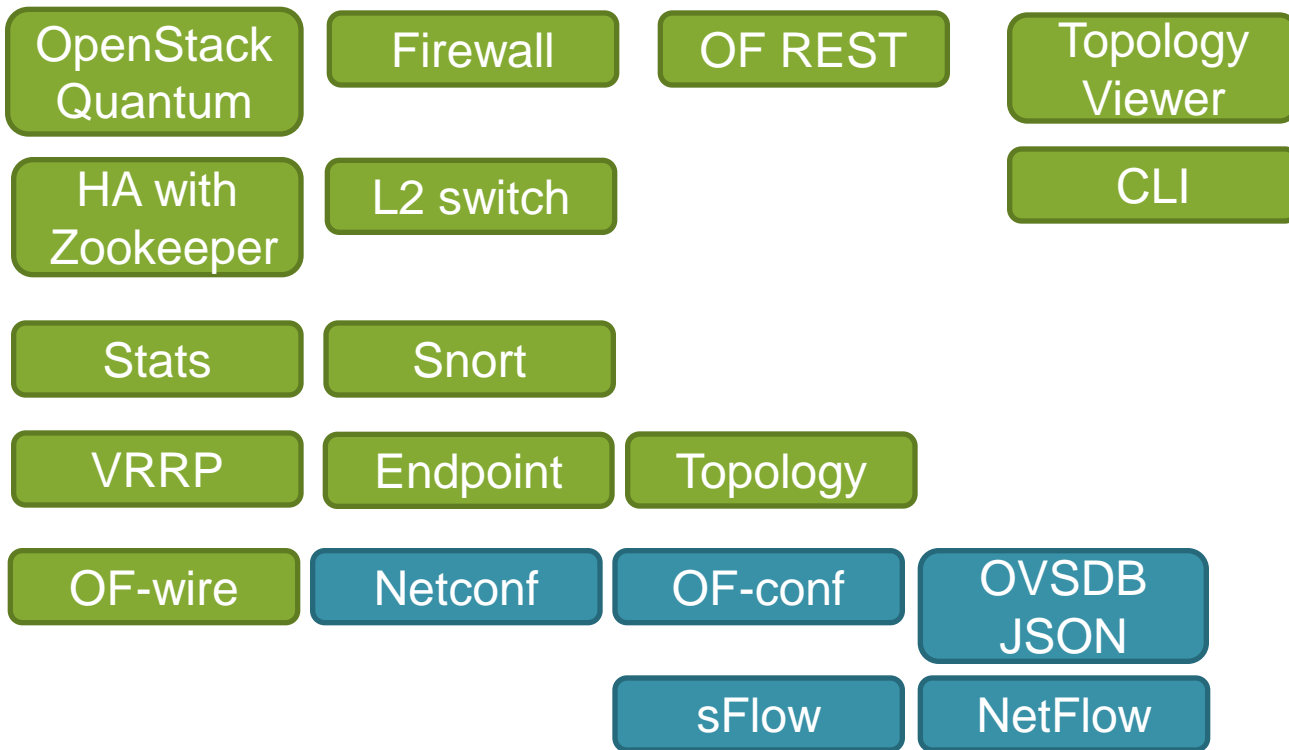
- Your component can work together with the existing components with Ryu's 'standard' messaging way.
- You can run the existing software (such as routing protocol daemons) as Ryu component with some modification.

- **Components included in Ryu**

- Implemented in Python.
- A component consists of python thread(s) or OS process(s).



Components and libraries included in Ryu



legend

component

library

Libraries consist of functions called directly by components.



Component description

- **OF-wire**

- OpenFlow 1.0, 1.2, 1.3 and Nicira extensions.

- **Topology**

- Builds topology and tracks links.
- Path calculation feature will be supported soon.

- **VRRP**

- Adds Virtual Router Redundancy Protocol (v3) support to OFS.

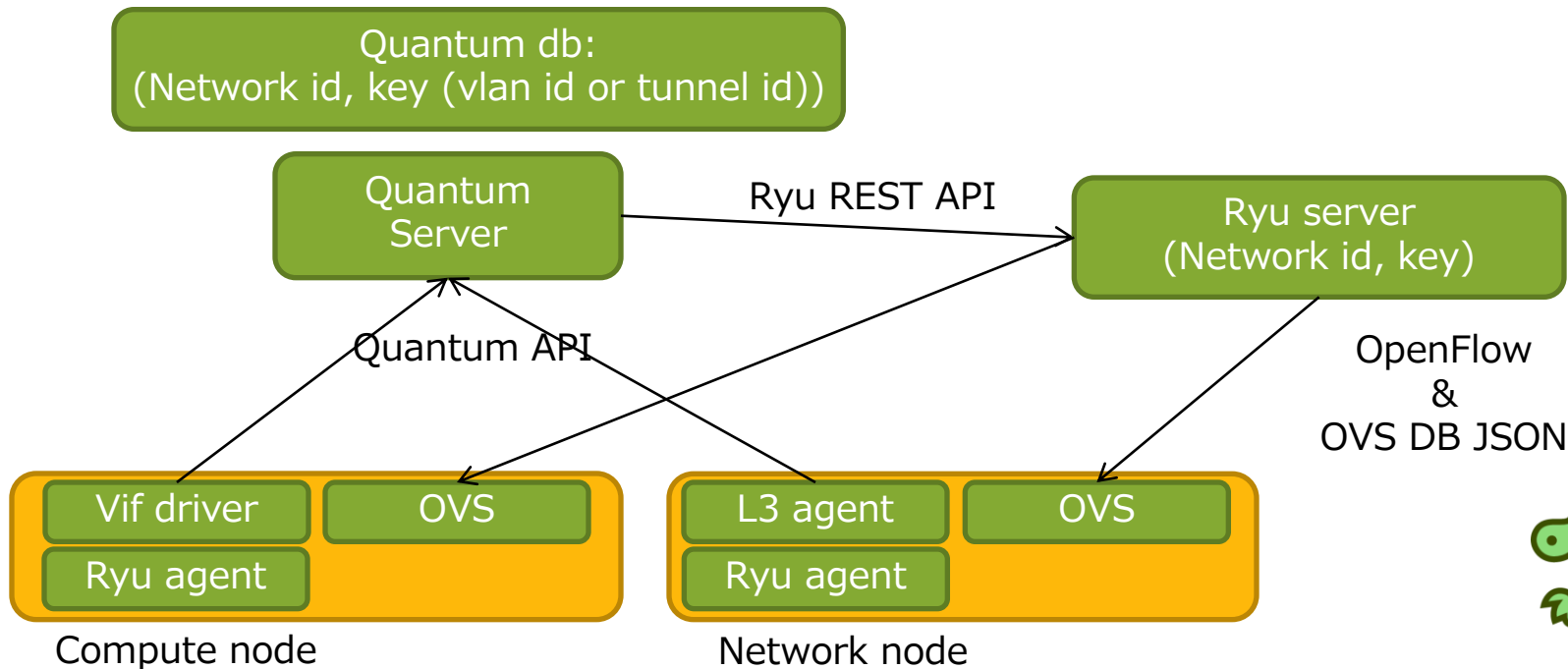
- **OF REST**

- You can configure OF switches via REST APIs.



OpenStack Quantum

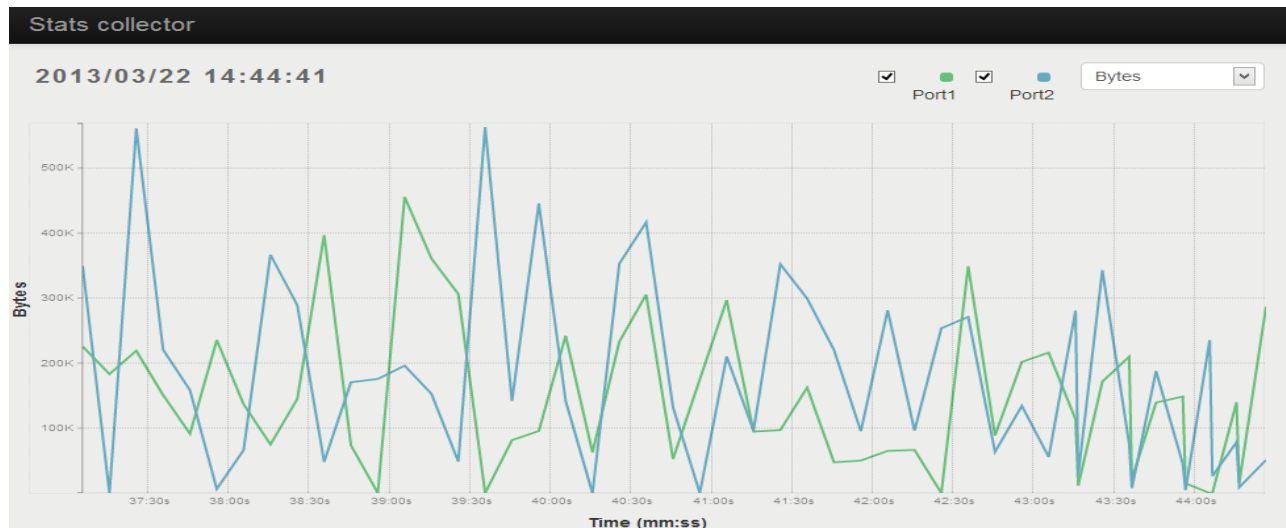
- Support two ways to isolate tenants
 - GRE tunnel and VLAN



Stats component

- **Stores stats to data store**

- visualizes and analyzes.
- The prototype stores switch stats to Hbase.



Topology viewer

- Show topology and flows dynamically

Ryu Topology Discovery

Menu
Connect to controller
Link status
Flow entries

Link status

no	name	peer
1	s2-eth1	s3-eth3
2	s2-eth2	s4-eth3
3	s2-eth3	s1-eth1

Topology
Connected (192.168.31.201:8080)

```
graph TD; S1((dpid: 0x1)) --- S2((dpid: 0x2)); S1 --- S3((dpid: 0x3)); S2 --- S4((dpid: 0x4)); S3 --- S5((dpid: 0x5)); S4 --- S6((dpid: 0x6)); S5 --- S7((dpid: 0x7));
```

Flow entries

```
stats: priority=32768, hard_timeout=0, byte_count=18666, duration_sec=123, duration_nsec=555000000, packet_count=366, idle_timeout=0, cookie=...
rules: dl_type=35020, nw_dst=0.0.0.0, dl_vlan_pcp=0, dl_src=00:00:00:00:00:00, nw_proto=0, tp_dst=0, tp_src=0, dl_dst=01:80:c2:00:00:0e, dl_vlan=...
actions: OUTPUT:65533
```

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Future work

- **Make SDN development more agile**

- Adds more components (protocols, IaaS, stats, security, etc).
- Introducing network abstraction model (hide southbound difference, etc).
- Improves distributed deployment component (cluster support).
- New testing methods (Ryu has more than 15,000 lines test code).



Ryu is an ongoing project

- **Ryu project needs more developers**

- NTT team wants to make Ryu usable for many organizations.
- The development is truly open and Ryu already has some code from non NTT developers.
- NTT team would like to help you to use Ryu in production.



Thanks!



Looking forward to your participation

<http://osrg.github.com/ryu/>

Python Performance?

- **You need scalability probably**
 - Language runtime efficiency can't solve scalability problem
 - Scalability about the whole system architecture.
- **Still need to improve runtime efficiency**
 - Pypy: another python runtime using JIT.
 - Using C for such components.

